QUESTIONS PAPER DESIGN

Subject: **Biology (314)** Paper Marks: **80** Class: Senior Secondary Duration: 03 Hrs.

1. Weightage by Objectives

Objective	Marks	% of the Total Marks
Knowledge	20	25
Understanding	36	45
Application and Skill	24	30
Total	80	100

2. Weightage by Types of Question

Type of Questions	Marks × No. of Questions	Marks Allotted
Essay (E)	6 × 4	24
Short Answers I (SA1)	4 × 6	24
Short Answers II (SA2)	2 × 12	24
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)	1 × 8	8
Total	30 Questions	80 Marks

3. Weightage by Content

Module Number	Module Name	Marks
1	Diversity and Evolution of Life	12
2	Form and function of plants and animals	26
3	Reproduction and Heredity	22
4	Environment & Health	13
5	Emerging Areas in Biology	07
	Total	80

4. Difficulty Level

	Essay	Average	Difficult	Total
Percent Weight	25%	45%	30%	100%
Marks Allotted	20	36	24	80
No. of Questions	6	14	10	30

5. Time Management

Type of Questions	Total Time 180 minutes
Essay (E)	60
Short Answers I (SA1)	60
Short Answers II (SA2)	25
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)	15
Reading and Revision	20

SAMPLE QUESTIONS PAPER

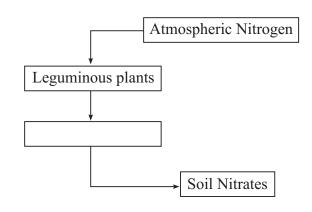
BIOLOGY (Sr. Secondary)

TEE

The only kingdom which includes one-celled organisms without a well defined nucleus is							
a)	Bacteria	b)	Monera				
c)	Protoctista	d)	Prokaryote	1			
The	e fresh water fish are ammonotelic so removal of urine requires.						
a)	lot of water	b)	very little water				
c)	moderate amount of water	d)	no water at all	1			
The	phylum which humans share with Kangaroos, bats and tigers is						
a)	Vertebrata	b)	Animalia				
c)	Chordata	d)	Carnivora	1			
The	antheridia and archegonia are the						
a)	male and female sex organs of bryophytes with gametophyte as the main body.						
b)	female and male sex organs of bryophytes with saprophyte as main body.						
c)) Spores of Pteridophytes in their gametophytes						
d) Two phases of the main plant body of both bryophytes and pteridophytes							
What is a gemmule?							
a)	Reproductive body of sponges for sexual reproduction.						
b)	· •						
c)	A kind of spicules of sponges.						
d) Reproductive body of sponges for asexual reproduction				1			
Bt crops are							
a)	a) Transgenic crops						
b)) Crops on which <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> forms galls						
c)	• •						
d)				1			
A male infant was born with an extra X chromosome. The infant was pronounced to be							
(a)	Turner	(b)					
(c)	transgender	(d)	Mongol	1			
	 a) c) The a) c) The a) c) d) b) c) d) What a) b) c) d) Bt c a) b) c) d) Bt c a) b) c) d) d) b) c) d) d	 a) Bacteria c) Protoctista The fresh water fish are ammonotelic so restance in a lot of water c) moderate amount of water The phylum which humans share with Kataa) Vertebrata c) Chordata The antheridia and archegonia are the a) male and female sex organs of bryop b) female and male sex organs of bryop c) Spores of Pteridophytes in their gamed) Two phases of the main plant body of What is a gemmule? a) Reproductive body of sponges for set b) Plant spores that withstand adverse c) A kind of spicules of sponges. d) Reproductive body of sponges for a Bt crops are a) Transgenic crops b) Crops on which <i>Bacillus thuringien</i> c) Hybrid crops d) Crops which resist pesticides A male infant was born with an extra X clipation 	a)Bacteriab)c)Protoctistad)The Fresh water fish are ammonotelic so remotea)lot of waterb)c)moderate amount of waterd)The phylum which humans share with Karara)Vertebratab)c)Chordatad)The antheridia and archegonia are thea)male and female sex organs of bryophyteb)female and male sex organs of bryophytec)Spores of Pteridophytes in their gametord)Two phases of the main plant body of boWhat is a gemmule?a)Reproductive body of sponges for sexualb)Plant spores that withstand adverse weatc)A kind of spicules of sponges.d)Reproductive body of sponges for asexualb)Crops on which Bacillus thuringiensis forc)Hybrid cropsd)Crops which resist pesticidesA male infant was born with an extra X chrom(a)Turner(b)Fransgenic crops	 a) Barteria b) Monera c) Protoctista d) Prokaryote The fresh water fish are ammonotelic so removal of urine requires. a) lot of water b) very little water c) moderate amount of water d) no water at all The phylum which humans share with Kangaroos, bats and tigers is a) Vertebrata b) Animalia c) Chordata d) Carnivora The antheridia and archegonia are the a) male and female sex organs of bryophytes with gametophyte as the main body. b) female and male sex organs of bryophytes with saprophyte as main body. c) Spores of Pteridophytes in their gametophytes and pteridophytes What is a gemmule? a) Reproductive body of sponges for sexual reproduction. b) Plant spores that withstand adverse weather conditions. c) A kind of spicules of sponges. d) Reproductive body of sponges for asexual reproduction Bt crops are a) Transgenic crops b) Crops on which <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> forms galls c) Hybrid crops d) Crops which resist pesticides A mate infant was born with an extra X chromosome. The infant was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the first was pronounced to be to be for the fi			

Sample Questions Paper

8. Fill in the blank in the part of Nitrogen cycle drawn below;



- a) Nitrifying bacteria sticking to roots of leguminous plants
- b) Nitrifying bacteria in soil.

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c)	Nitrogen	tixing	bacteria	in root	nodules	of legu	minous	plants
-)			0000000000					Provinces

	d)	Nitrogen fixing bacteria in soil.			1		
9.		four processes associated with Carbo restation on Carbon cycle.	on cyo	cle. State one effect of deforestation and one	of 2		
10.	State any two points of difference between transpiration and guttation.						
11.	Con	npare nervous system of cockroach w	ith th	at of humans, with respect to its			
	(a)	location in the body (dorsal/ventral)					
	(b)	parts present in the head, thorax and	l abd	omen.	2		
12.	What happens to the Graafian follicle when ovulation takes place? Name the hormones released by it before and after ovulation.						
13.	Polyembryony is the formation of more than two embryos in a single ovule. It is classified into cleavage polyembryony and adventive polyembryony depending on which cells form the second embryo. State the difference.						
14.	State two points of difference between innate and acquired immunity. 2						
15.		is meant by 'Cell mediated response onse'?	e' to	an antigen? How is it different from 'humor	al 2		
16.	Tha	llasemia is a genetic disorder. What k	ind o	f disorders are:			
	a)	drug dependence	b)	goitre			
	c)	HIV-AIDS	d)	colour blindness	2		
17			1 771		1		

17. A son and a daughter were born colour blind. The father was colour blind but mother had normal
colour vision. Draw a self explanatory cross to show this.2 Marks

Sample Questions Paper

- After a major surgery, a man was advised to include more of protein and Iron in the diet. Give reasons and mention one source of each.
 2 Marks
- Why is 'biogas' considered to be a better fuel option than fossil fuels? State any two advantages.
 2 Marks
- 20. A scientist discovered the presence of a chemical substance in a herb which had medicinal properties. His friend said, 'Beware of biopiracy, apply for a bio patent'. What did the friend mean by biopiracy and biopatent? 2 Marks
- 21. a) State the law of independent assortment.
 - b) With the help of Punnett square, explain how Mendel arrived at the law of independent assortment.
 - c) State any one condition under which this law is not applicable. 4 Marks
- 22. The diagram shows various pathways of water movement. What kind of pathway is shown by the (i) thin arrow and (ii) curved arrow Distinguish between the two pathways. 4 Marks
- 23. Explain how muscle contract and relax to cause locomotion. 4 Marks
- 24. The blood pressure of a person was falling. Explain to your friend the role of Renin Angiotensin which elevated the blood pressure to the normal state. 4 Marks
- 25. Parturition, Ovulation, implantation are technical terms used to describe reproductive events in a human female.
 - (i) Place them in the correct sequence of occurrence.
 - (ii) In a sentence each, state their meanings. 4 Marks
- 26. Your friends insist that round worm and earthworm are too similar to be placed in separate phyla.
 Convince your friends by comparing two very different characteristics in them. Mention their phyla and give one major feature of each phylum.
 4 Marks
- 27. State two contrasting features each of sex determination, in humans, birds and honey bees.

6 Marks

28. Green house gases cause Acid rain, Global warming. What is the difference between these two phenomenon? Add a note of the change in ozone layer due to particular greenhouse gases.

6 Marks

29. State the salient points of Darwin's theory of Natural selection. What is Neo Darwinism?

6 Marks

- 30. (i) Define Photosynthesis and give a generalized balanced equation for photosynthesis.
 - (ii) Describe Calvin cycle in four steps. Or express Calvin cycle by a diagram. 6 Marks